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PCT

PATENT

N THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant:

Heinrich Feichtinger

Serial No.:

10/088,056

Filed:

March 13, 2002

Title:

MIXTURE OF TWO PARTICULATE PHASES USED IN THE

PRODUCTION OF A GREEN COMPACT THAT CAN BE SINTERED

AT HIGHER TEMPERATURES

Docket No.: LUS-13047

<u>LETTER</u> ENGLISH TRANSLATION

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Enclosed is an English translation of the International Preliminary Examination Report for filing in the above-identified application.

If there are any fees resulting from this communication, please charge the same to Deposit Account No. 18-0160, Order No. LUS-13047.

Respectfully submitted,

RANKIN, HILL, PORTER & CLARK LLP

By

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I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Assistant Commissiones for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231 on the date indicated be

Signature of Person Mailing Paper

4/17/02

David E. Spaw

Date

Printed Name of Person Mailing Paper

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY PCT PCT PCT PCT PCT PCT PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

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Applicant's or agone's file reference	FOR FURTHER ACTION	SeeNotificat Examination	tionofTransmittalofInternational Preliminary n Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)	
International application No.	International filing date (day/n	nonth/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)	
PCT/CH99/00434	14 September 1999 (1	4.09.99)	14 September 1999 (14.09.1999)	
International Patent Classification (IPC) or B22F 3/11	national classification and IPC			
Applicant	CTD ATEC MEDICA			
·	STRATEC MEDICA	L AG		
This international preliminary examand is transmitted to the applicant a	nination report has been prepared according to Article 36.	by this Interna	ational Preliminary Examining Authority	
2. This REPORT consists of a total of	sheets, including	g this cover sh	neet.	
amended and are the basis to 70.16 and Section 607 of the	nied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of or this report and/or sheets contains Administrative Instructions under the contains of sheets.	ing rectificati	n, claims and/or drawings which have been ions made before this Authority (see Rule	
This report contains indications rela	ating to the following items:			
Basis of the report	teling to the following items.			
noiseire.			·	
II Priority				
III Non-establishment of	of opinion with regard to novelty,	inventive step	and industrial applicability	
IV Lack of unity of inve	ention			
V Reasoned statement citations and explana	under Article 35(2) with regard trations supporting such statement	o novelty, inve	entive step or industrial applicability;	
VI Certain documents of	eited			
VII Certain defects in the international application				
	s on the international application			
Date of submission of the demand	Date of c	ompletion of t	his report	
22 Marsh 2001 (22 02	į.	_		
23 March 2001 (23.03	.01)	13 Dece	ember 2001 (13.12.2001)	
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/EP	Authorize	ed officer		
Sacsimile No.	Telephon	e No.		

International application No.

PCT/CH99/00434

I. Basis	of the re	port						
1. With regard to the elements of the international application:*								
	the inter	mational application as originally filed						
\boxtimes	the desc	ription:						
	pages	1-3,5-13	, as originally filed					
	pages		, filed with the demand					
	pages	4 , filed with the letter of	08 October 2001 (08.10.2001)					
\boxtimes	the clain	ns:						
	pages		, as originally filed					
	pages	, as amended (togethe						
	pages		, filed with the demand					
	pages _	1-23 , filed with the letter of	08 October 2001 (08.10.2001)					
	the draw	rings:						
	pages		, as originally filed					
	pages		, filed with the demand					
	pages	, filed with the letter of						
	he seauen	ce listing part of the description:						
۔ لب	pages		on minimally 61. J					
	pages _		, as originally filed , as originally filed					
	pages	, filed with the letter of						
the in These	the lange or 55.3). regard to the togo furnished furnished international togo furnished international	o any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the internal amination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing: d in the international application in written form. ether with the international application in computer readable form. d subsequently to this Authority in written form. d subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form. ement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not onal application as filed has been furnished.	which is: ule 23.1(b)). vexamination (under Rule 55.2 and/ tional application, the international go beyond the disclosure in the					
	th th th	rt has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, sir e disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).**	nce they have been considered to go					
* Replac in this and 70	cement she report o	eets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invital as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not	t contain amendments (Rule 70.16					
		t sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item I and annex	sea to this report.					

International application No.
PCT/CH 99/00434

1. Basis of the report

1. This report has been drawn on the basis of (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to the report since they do not contain amendments.):

CONTINUATION OF BOX I.5

The amendments filed with the letter of 27 September 2001 introduce substantive matter which goes beyond the original disclosure in the international application as filed, thereby contravening PCT Article 34. This concerns Claim 2, which is directed to a titanium compound in very general terms, although according to the original application the only titanium compound contained in the first phase is titanium hydride. Consequently, the original application does not disclose the generalisation of the present Claim 2 and this report has been established without taking Claim 2 into account.

International application No. PCT/CH 99/00434

V.	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;
	citations and explanations supporting such statement

Statement		•	
Novelty (N)	Claims	6, 8-12, 22-23	YES
	Claims	1, 3-5, 7, 13-19, 20, 21	NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims	9, 10	YES
	Claims	1, 3-8, 11-23	NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1, 3-23	YES
	Claims		NO

2. Citations and explanations

This report makes reference to the following documents:

D1: DE-A-22 56 716 (GOETZEWERKE), 6 June 1974 (1974-06-06)

D2: US-A-3 852 045 (WHEELER K. ET AL.), 3 December 1974 (1974-12-03)

D3: DE-C-197 25 210 (ACCESS AACHENER CT FUER ERSTAR), 5 November 1998 (1998-11-05).

2.1 D1 (the claims) concerns a method for producing porous sintered materials using a powder mixture (page 3, line 22 - page 4, line 9). The powder mixture contains particles of iron or an iron alloy, low-melting alloys or compounds (page 3, line 24 page 4, line 1, and Claim 5), particles of alkaline or alkaline earth metal salts, such as sodium chloride, and optionally titanium (page 4, line 4, and Claim 4). The salts do not react with the metal phase to be sintered. An alloy with a lower melting point can also be present to ensure a better bond (page 3, line 24 - page 4, line 1). Since the present Claim 1 concerns a mixture "of two particle phases" and does not exclude the presence of other phases (see also Claims 3-4), the claimed subject

matter cannot be distinguished from the powder mixture of D1. The subject matter of Claim 1 is therefore not novel.

- 2.2 The powder mixture of D1 is compressed and sintered.

 The salts are then removed by a dissolution process
 (page 3, lines 5-10). The subjects of independent
 Claims 13-15 and 19 are therefore not novel.
- 2.3 Furthermore, Claims 19 and 21 should be considered to concern products as such. The claimed products appear to be merely porous titanium-containing mouldings with a fine structure. Such products are also known from D2 (column 4, lines 15-28; column 5, line 61 column 6, line 22).
- 2.4 The uses as per Claims 22-23 are customary uses which cannot substantiate an inventive step. The subjects of Claims 23-24 are therefore not inventive.
- 2.5 For the above reasons, the subjects of dependent Claims 3-5, 16-17 and 20 are not novel.
- 2.6 The metal particles of D1 necessarily contain an oxidised fraction. Consequently, the subject matter of Claim 7 is not novel.
- 2.7 The use of nitrides as a metallic compound (Claim 8) and of a low-melting alloy as a coating (Claim 11) is a customary measure which cannot substantiate an inventive step. The subjects of Claims 8 and 11 are therefore not inventive.
- 2.8 The use of a binder and the advantages achieved

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thereby are known (see D3, Claim 1 and column 2, lines 28-39). The subjects of Claims 6 and 12 are therefore not inventive.

- 2.9 The use of a solvent as per Claim 18 in order to dissolve the salts of D1 appears to be customary. The subject matter of Claim 18 is therefore not inventive.
- 2.10 D1 does not disclose the use of hydride particles (Claims 9 and 10). This lowers the sintering temperature, enabling the internal surface and volume to be better preserved (page 6, line 21 page 7, line 2). Hydrides decompose relatively easily and their decomposition product is hydrogen, which is a reducing and quickly removable gas (page 5, lines 24-29). This makes the production of openpore metallic structures more efficient. The available prior art neither disclosed nor suggested the use of hydrides for solving this problem. The subjects of Claims 9 and 10 are therefore novel and inventive.